

Communicating Clinical Trial Results the Statistical Graphic Way

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Disclaimer

- The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenter and must not be taken to represent policy or guidance on behalf of the Food and Drug Administration.

Outline

- 1 Introduction**
- 2 Application of Statistical Graphics: The Good & The Bad in Clinical Trials
- 3 Developing Standard Views of Safety Data
- 4 Concluding Remarks



By: David Walker

Quotation

“Information, that is imperfectly acquired, is generally as imperfectly retained; and a man who has carefully investigated a printed table, finds, when done, that he has only a very faint and partial idea of what he has read; and like a figure imprinted on sand, is soon totally erased and defaced.”

- William Playfair (1786 English Economist)

Motivation

Reasons to Include Graphic Summaries

- Complex statistical concepts and data structures can be conveyed at a level which is within reach to those with little statistical training.
- Ability to highlight key safety signals and depict efficacy characteristics from both small and large databases.
- Paradigm is to actively assess the data in a manner that is visual, intuitive, and geometric - then use this assessment to guide our communication of the data.
- Improves retention of information displayed.

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The Good

Whenever possible:

- Depict subject-level data
- Depict multivariate structures in the data
- Use graphical displays rather than tables
- Incorporate tabular values into the displays
- Account for temporal relationships



Depicting Subject-Level Data

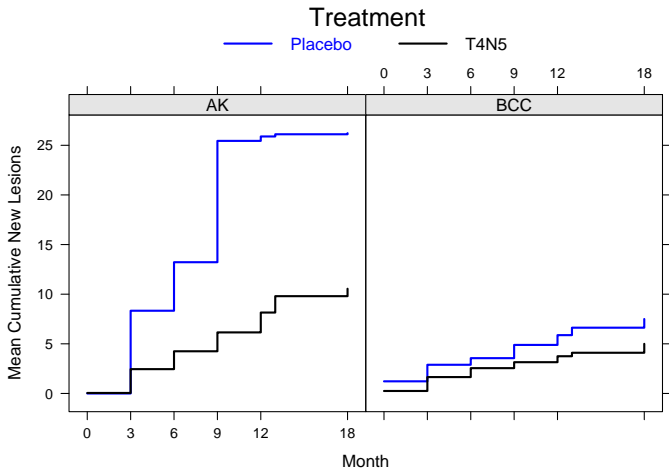
Lancet Article on T4N5 to Treat XP

- XP is life-threatening disease occurring in approximately 1 out of 250,000 people in the US. Average age of developing skin cancer is 8 years.
- Study objective is to see if T4N5 reduces number of AK and BCC lesions.
- Study enrolled 29 subjects, 20 randomized to T4N5.
- Data is publicly available on journal website: Vol. 357, Issue 9260, March 2001, pages 926-929.
- Objective: Visualize the data.

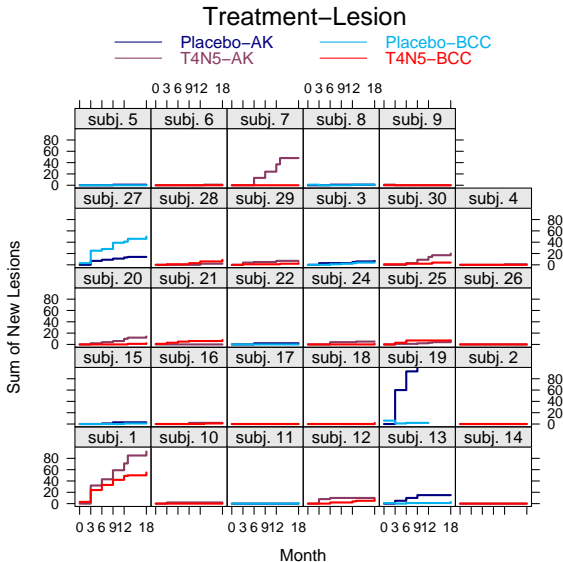
Xeroderma Pigmentosum



The Lancet Data Plot of Means



The Lancet Data Plot of Subject Profiles



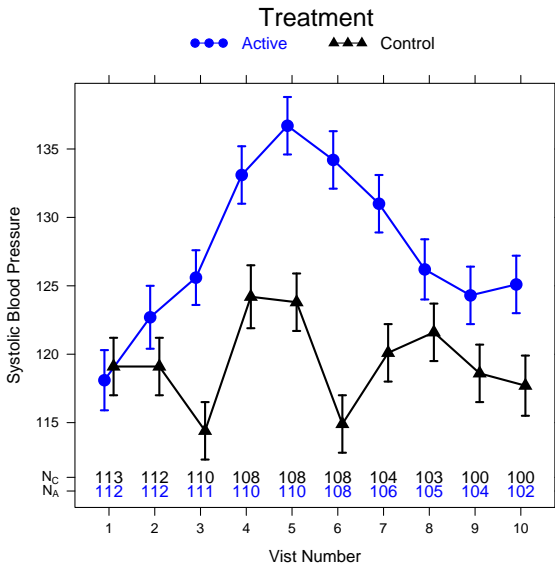
Displays Versus Tables

Tabular Summary of SBP

Visit	Active Drug				Control Drug			
	N	Mean	SD	95% CI	N	Mean	SD	95% CI
1	112	118.1	1.3	(115.9, 120.3)	113	119.1	1.2	(117.0, 121.2)
2	112	122.7	1.4	(120.4, 125.0)	112	119.1	1.1	(117.0, 121.2)
3	111	125.6	1.0	(123.6, 127.6)	110	114.4	1.2	(112.3, 116.5)
4	110	133.1	1.2	(131.0, 135.2)	108	124.2	1.4	(121.9, 126.5)
5	110	136.7	1.2	(134.6, 138.8)	108	123.8	1.2	(121.7, 125.9)
6	108	134.2	1.1	(132.1, 136.3)	108	114.9	1.1	(112.8, 117.0)
7	106	131.0	1.2	(128.9, 133.1)	104	120.1	1.2	(118.0, 122.2)
8	105	126.2	1.3	(124.0, 128.4)	103	121.6	1.2	(119.5, 123.7)
9	104	124.3	1.2	(122.2, 126.4)	100	118.6	1.1	(116.5, 120.7)
10	102	125.1	1.2	(123.0, 127.2)	100	117.7	1.3	(115.5, 119.9)

Identify the Signal!

Graphical Approach to Summarize SBP



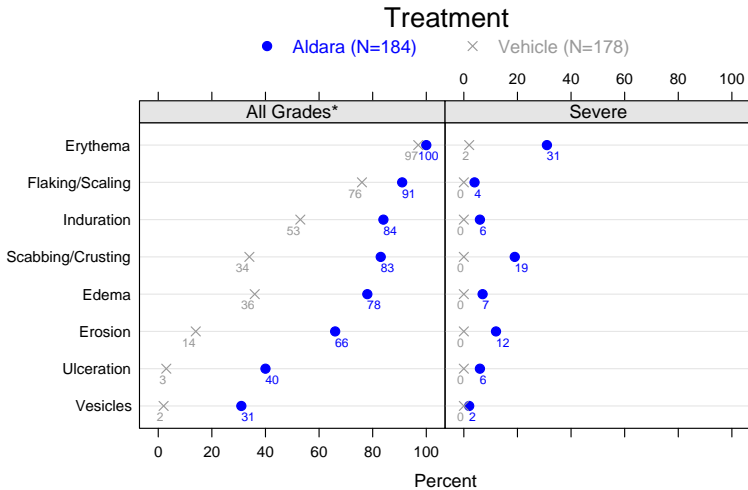
Incorporating Table Info Into Graphical Display

Aldara Label for sBCC

	Aldara Cream n=184		Vehicle n=178	
	Overall*	Severe	Overall*	Severe
Erythema	184 (100%)	57 (31%)	173 (97%)	4 (2%)
Flaking/Scaling	167 (91%)	7 (4%)	135 (76%)	0 (0%)
Induration	154 (84%)	11 (6%)	94 (53%)	0 (0%)
Scabbing/Crusting	152 (83%)	35 (19%)	61 (34%)	0 (0%)
Edema	143 (78%)	13 (7%)	64 (36%)	0 (0%)
Erosion	122 (66%)	23 (13%)	25 (14%)	0 (0%)
Ulceration	73 (40%)	11 (6%)	6 (3%)	0 (0%)
Flaking/Scaling	57 (31%)	3 (2%)	4 (2%)	0 (0%)

*Mild, Moderate, or Severe

Dotplot of Aldara Data



*Mild, Moderate, or Severe

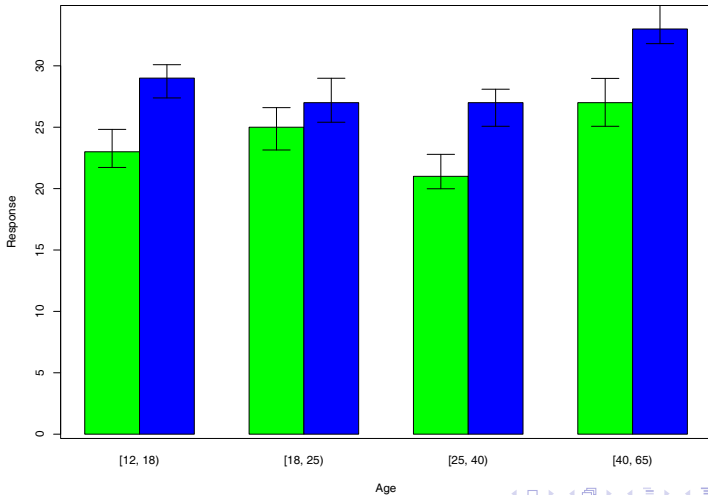
The Bad

Whenever possible, **avoid** the following:

- Creating discrete variables from continuous
- Non-optimal data to ink ratio
- Misuse of scaling
- Using unneeded dimensions

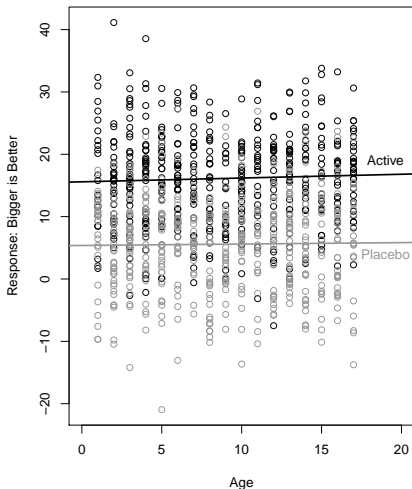


Creating Discrete Variables from Continuous and Non-Optimal Data to Ink Ratio

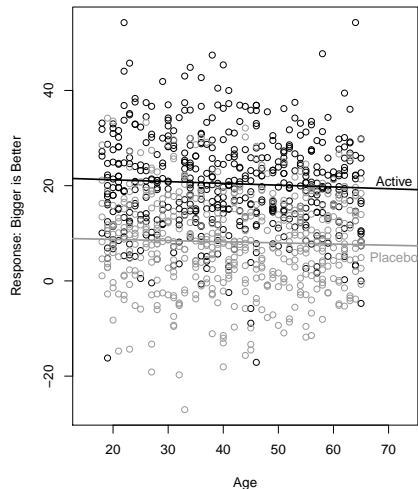


Misuse of Scaling

Study 1: Pediatric Efficacy

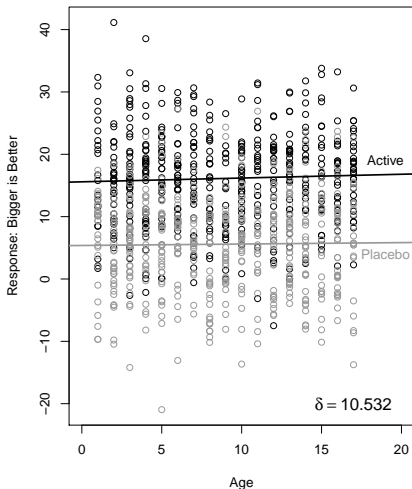


Study 2: Adult Efficacy

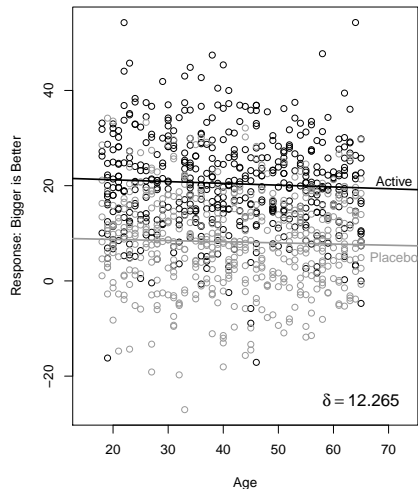


Misuse of Scaling, cont.

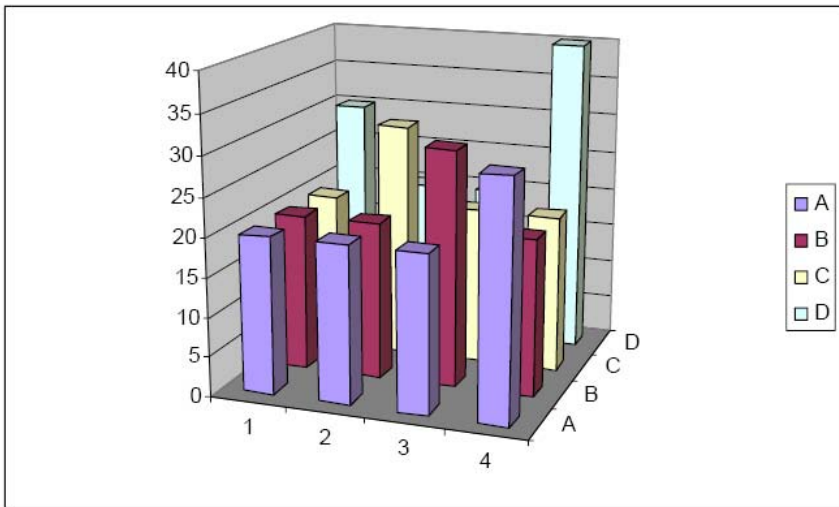
Study 1: Pediatric Efficacy



Study 2: Adult Efficacy



Using Unneeded Dimensions



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FDA/Industry/Academia Working Group

Background

- Formed in Fall of 2009
- Members are affiliated with:
 - Regulatory: FDA (21 members) and Health Canada (1 member)
 - Academia: Vanderbilt (1 member), UC-Davis (1 member)
 - Industry: Schering-Plough, Pfizer, GSK, Johnson and Johnson, Novartis, Bayer, Eli Lilly, Merck, Sanofi-Aventis, Roche, Amgen (13 members)
- **Goal: To develop a palette of graphics for visualizations of clinical trial safety data**

Project Objectives

- 1** Identify areas particularly applicable or useful to regulatory review in which graphics can enhance understanding of safety information.
- 2** Develop a palette of statistical graphics for reporting on clinical trials safety data.
- 3** Recommend graphics for clinical data based on good scientific principles and best practices.
- 4** Create a publicly-available repository of sample graphics (ensuring appropriate credits are given for contributions), including data sets and code.
- 5** Educate and engage stakeholders through outreach activities.
- 6** Consider publishing with authorship/acknowledgments as is consistent with contributions and policy of the affiliated institution.

Project Scope

Includes

- Graphics to convey pre-approval clinical safety information, typically submitted in support of an ISS
- **Static graphics** represented in; color, black and white; and grayscale
- Graphs for both descriptive and inferential purposes
- **Static graphics** should be printable
- Develop tools that will aid in the production of new graphics

Excludes

- Spontaneous reporting or epidemiological case control studies
- Dynamic graphics

Working Group Structure

Invited membership and time/resources are based upon a volunteer basis.

Subgroups

- ECG/Vitals (10 members)
- General Adverse Events (11 members)
- General Principles (9 members)
- Labs/Liver (7 members)

Describing Graphic Entries

Metadata included in Graphic Repository

Required Fields: Title, description, background, image, author, dates, use/suitability, software, code, keywords

Optional Fields: references, data description

Categorizations: Evaluation (e.g. safety, efficacy), Graph Type (e.g. scatterplot, dotplot), Variable relationship (e.g. categorical vs. categorical), Data type (e.g. continuous)

Distribution of Content

- Information will be presented at: <http://ctspedia.org>
- Currently, materials require administration authorization as:
 - Group is discussing site structure
 - Content for safety is in early stages
 - Infrastructure for registration of graphics is being developed; desire for easy entry.
- All content is intended to be provided publicly in the near term

CTSpedia Screenshot

CTSpedia: The Knowledge Base for Clinical and Translational Research

Welcome to the CTSpedia.

The CTSpedia is a collaborative vehicle for the [CTSA's](#) Biostatistics/Epidemiology/Research/Design (BERD) Online Resources and Education taskforce to identify and share resources across the national consortium and community researchers world-wide. With the support of the national BERD consortia, the project obtained funding and support from the National Center for Research Resources ([NCRR](#)) to expand the original scope and content of CTSpedia and foster collaboration amongst [CTSAs](#).

CTSpedia was created as a national effort to collect wisdom, tools, educational materials, and other items useful for clinical and translational researchers and to provide timely and useful advice to clinical and translational researchers with specific problems. For more information about the history and goals of the CTSpedia see [About Us](#).

As a wiki, the project develops through the collaboration and commitment of the users. The wiki structure is a flexible environment that allows all users to share and update the information. Let me give you a short tour

CTSpedia

- Log In or Register
- Create New Topic
- Report a Problem

Special Resources

- BERDConsortia
- CTSpedia
- Forum
- Main
- ResearchEthics
- Sandbox
- System
- TWiki

Contributors

- Notifications
- Recent Changes

CTSpedia Graphics Homepage Screenshot

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the homepage of the CTSpedia StatisticalGraphics Web. The browser's address bar shows the URL: <http://ctspedia.org/ctspedia/StatisticalGraphicsWebHome>. The page content includes a breadcrumb trail: "You are here: CTSpedia > StatisticalGraphics Web > Web-Home (14 Jun 2010, MaryBanach)", with "Edit" and "Attach" buttons. The main heading is "Statistical Graphics", followed by a welcome message: "Welcome to the Statistical Graphics Home page." Below this, a paragraph states: "This is the portal to access Statistical Graphics. For illustrative purposes (this will be modified at a later based on developments within the group), the following is a set of graphics created by Mat Soukup. Think of this as a beta version for now. You can search by:" followed by a list of search options:

- [Listing of All Statistical Graphics](#)
- [Listing of Statistical Graphics by Author](#)
- [Listing of Statistical Graphics Codes](#)
- [Listing of Statistical Graphics by Keyword](#)
- [Listing of Statistical Graphics Ratings and Comments](#)

Next, a section titled "Help for uploading your graphics can be found at ..." provides a link to [General Principles Subteam](#) and a list of instructions:

- [Instructions for Uploading Your Graphics](#)


The bottom section is titled "FDA-Industry-Academia Safety Graphics Working Group" and contains a list of links:

- [Background Information on the Working Group](#)
- [Subteam Information within the Working Group](#)
- [Industry-FDA-Academic Safety Graphics Meeting Minutes](#)
- [Industry-FDA-Academic Graphics Working Group Charter v1_3.doc](#)

On the right side, there is a sidebar with a blue header "StatisticalGraphics". It contains a greeting: "Hello [Mat Soukup](#)" with a "Log Out" link and a "Create personal sidebar" option. Below this are two buttons: "Create New Topic" and "Report a Problem". A "Special Resources" section lists various categories with checkboxes: ArchivedTrash, BREAD, BCUProjectPage, BERDConsortia, CTSpedia, EducationalMaterials, Forum, Main, NewStructure, OntologyMapper, ResearchEthics, Sandbox, StatisticalGraphics, System, TWiki, Trash, CTSCourseMaterials, and InteractiveTools. The browser's taskbar at the bottom shows the Start button and several open applications.

CTSpedia Graphic Example Screenshot, 1

The screenshot shows a web browser displaying the CTSpedia website. The page title is "Efficacy of T4N5 The Lancet Data". The main content area contains a table with the following information:

Title	Efficacy of T4N5 The Lancet Data
Graphic	Lancet Data Graphic 
Description	The cumulative number of AE and BCC lesions for each subject. The x-axis is indicated which notes the fact that Study 10 had 100 lesions (displayed in alternate views of the data set).
Author	Stat Studies TSC
Background	<p>* Data is publicly available on journal website (reference below).</p> <p>* AE is the developing disease occurring in approximately 1 out of 250,000 people in the US. Average age of developing skin cancer is 5 years.</p> <p>* Study objective is to see if T4N5 reduces number of AE and BCC lesions.</p> <p>* Study enrolled 30 subjects, 20 randomized to T4N5?</p>
Impact	The sponsor proposed to look inside the data using Poisson regression which they concluded that T4N5 demonstrated efficacy. While the modeling assumptions were shown to be invalid and the efficacy questionable, the graphic does not even show a trend in favor of T4N5?
Code / Attachment	Lancet Data Attachment
Code	
Keywords	efficacy, higher incidence, IP, Poisson regression
Classification / solution	Efforts

The right sidebar contains a navigation menu with sections like "Hello Stat! Logout", "Special Resources", and "Contributors".

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- Paradigm is to actively assess the data in a manner that is visual, intuitive, and geometric.

Potential Results using Effective Graphics

- Clinical trial results are more transparent (hard to hide the data if it is all shown).
- Increases the likelihood of detecting safety signals and understanding efficacy characteristics.
- Improves the ability to make clinical decisions
- Allows for more productive interactions with the FDA.
- Improves communication to the public.

EVERYONE CAN BENEFIT!!!

Community of Users Can Aid in Widespread Application

- Sharing of information in a **public domain**:
 - Increases the talent pool for developing new approaches
 - Allows one to share code for ease of implementation
 - Evolves towards best practices in graphic usage for reporting clinical trial results
- Get involved: register at <http://ctspedia.org>

Special Thanks

The following members of the FDA/Industry/Academia Working Group

- Regulatory: George Rochester, Bruce Weaver, Stephine Keeton, Janelle Charles, Chuck Cooper, Suzanne Demko, Robert Fiorentino, Richard Forshee, Eric Frimpong, Ted Guo, Pravin Jadjav, Leslie Kenna, Joyce Korvick, Antonio Paredes, Jeff Summers, Mark Walderhaug, Yaning Wang, Markus Yap, Hao Zhu, Catherine Njue
- Industry: Ken Koury, Rich Anziano, Susan Duke, Mac Gordon, Fabrice Bancken, Navdeep Boparai, Andreas Bruckner, Brenda Crowe, Sylvia Engelen, Larry Gould, Matthew Gribbin, Liping Huang, Qi Jiang
- Academia: Frank Harrell, Mary Banach

References

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